

Hoisting Mechanisms Graphic Solution

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Lists citations with abstracts for aerospace related reports obtained from world wide sources and announces documents that have recently been entered into the NASA Scientific and Technical Information Database.

Provides the techniques necessary to study the motion of machines, and emphasizes the application of kinematic theories to real-world machines consistent with the philosophy of engineering and technology programs. This book intends to bridge the gap between a theoretical study of kinematics and the application to practical mechanism.

A computer program that utilizes the method of integral relations has been developed at the Naval Ship Research and Development Center for use in determining the inviscid transonic flows past lifting airfoils. It allows for a change of entropy across the shock wave and accounts for the presence of an oblique or normal shock at the shock foot. Since many iterations of the trial and error type are required to obtain the converged flow solution, the program has been adapted for use on the interactive graphic systems of the CDC 6700 computer. This minimizes the man-machine interaction time involved with such iterations. It has been applied to several airfoil cases with supercritical flow on the upper surface and subcritical flow on the lower surface. The theoretical basis for this program has previously been reported. This report documents the computer program which is written in the language of FORTRAN Extended Version 3. 0. (Author).

Rope guidance of conveyances is commonly used in shafts of underground mines in numerous countries on almost every continent. This safe and economical way of guiding skips and cages does have one disadvantage, however, which is especially troublesome in the conditions present in the Polish mining industry. Rope-guided conveyances require additional support at mine levels, while shafts of Polish coal mines usually operate on many levels. Additional stiff guidance at mine levels used as a support negatively affects the effectiveness of rope-guided hoisting systems. The retractable guidance system was originally introduced at the 960 m level in the Leon IV shaft of the Rydu?towy coal mine in Rydu?towy (currently ROW mine, Rydu?towy department), Silesian voivodeship, Poland. This construction, consisting of moveable elements, similar to the typical stiff guidance used at mine levels, serves as a support for the conveyance whenever necessary. When it is retracted, it allows the cage to travel at full speed through the level, increasing the degree of effectiveness of the hoisting system of the Leon IV shaft. The retractable guidance system, the solution presented in this book, is a pioneering approach in the Polish mining industry. It has allowed improvement of the level of effectiveness of the Leon IV shaft of the Rydu?towy colliery. It is an innovative opportunity for rope guidance systems worldwide, as it solves their biggest problem in multi-level shafts.

The Mining World Index of Current LiteratureEngineering and Mining JournalApplied Graphic Status [!]E/MJ, Engineering and Mining JournalRegisterComputer GraphicsThe University of Tennessee Register for ... and Announcement for ...Annual Catalogue of the University of KansasAnnual Catalogue of the University of KansasKinematics of MachinesJournal of Electricity, Power, and GasElectrical WestCoal AbstractsEngineering Design GraphicsA Retractable Guidance System for Mine Shaft HoistsCRC Press Supplement to 3d ed. called Selected characteristics of occupations (physical demands, working conditions, training time) issued by Bureau of Employment Security.

This is a supplement to the Occupational Outlook Handbook in which it defines the O'Net codes in detail referenced in all occupations listed in the OOH with over eight times as much job data.

Monthly magazine devoted to topics of general scientific interest.

Underground Mining Methods: Engineering Fundamentals and International Case Studies presents the latest principles and techniques in use today. Reflecting the international and diverse nature of the industry, a series of mining case studies is presented covering the commodity range from iron ore to diamonds extracted by operations located in all corners of the world. Industry experts have contributed sections on General Mine Design Considerations; Room-and-Pillar Mining of Hard Rock/Soft Rock; Longwall Mining of Hard Rock; Shrinkage Stopping; Sublevel Stopping; Cut-and-Fill Mining; Sublevel Caving; Panel Caving; Foundations for Design; and Underground Mining Looks to the Future.

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