

South Indian Neolithic Culture Pennar Basin Andhra Pradesh 1st Edition

This volume introduces the ecological history of woodland vegetation in South India. It incorporates a critical overview of the theories of ecological on the subcontinent while detailing the history of long-term changes in the tree and shrub vegetation of the Indian peninsula that have resulted from climate change and the impact of human activities on the landscape. The volume also demonstrates the potential of microscopic analysis of archaeological wood charcoal remains for the purpose of palaeoenvironmental reconstruction. Included in the volume is a practical guide for the microscopic identification of the principal timber species of South India, accompanied by detailed information on the synecology and autecology of native trees and shrubs, and ethnographic evidence on their diverse uses and properties. An accompanying CD-ROM contains the complete identification guide and many full color illustrations of South Asian trees and shrubs to facilitate analysis.

The Indian Archaeology In Retrospect Attempts To Take Stock Of The Progress Made In The Field Of South Asian Archaeology, Especially During The Latter Half Of The Twentieth Century. Fifty-Nine Papers, Spread Over Four Volumes, Are Contributed By A Team Of Scholars, Well-Known In The Areas Of Their Specialization. Besides Reviewing The Widening Horizons Of Empirical Data, They Have Also Identified The Changing Attitudes, Methodologies And Tools Of Inquiry. Besides Presenting A Synoptic View Of Our Current Understanding Of The Cultural Evolution, An Attempt Is Also Made Here To Explore The Future Possibilities In This Field.

Contributed articles.

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This Book of Abstracts is the main publication of the 69th Annual Meeting of the European Federation of Animal Science (EAAP). It contains abstracts of the invited papers and contributed presentations of the sessions of EAAP's eleven Commissions: Animal Genetics, Animal Nutrition, Animal Management and Health, Animal Physiology, Cattle Production, Sheep and Goat Production, Pig Production, Horse Production and Livestock Farming Systems, Insects and Precision Livestock Farming.

This volume traces archaeological research undertaken in Andhra Pradesh going back to the nineteenth century when the cultures of the region were explored and documented. In the 1950s, scholars conducted culture-historic research across the physiographical regions of Andhra Pradesh, following trends in India and Old World. 1970s saw a shift from the historic approach to the development of models for the contextual study of sites, and the explanation of the archaeological record in terms of the adaptive behaviour of past societies.

Illustrations: Numerous B/w Illustrations & Maps Description: This volume contains papers contributed by senior scholars from both India and abroad who have first-hand and longstanding experience in Indian archaeology. The papers aim to synthesize existing knowledge on major topics in Indian archaeology. These topics cover prehistory, proto-history, rock art, historical and medieval archaeology, scientific studies, human skeletal biology and dating methods. While serving as comprehensive reviews on the retrospective topics, these essays will also fulfill the purpose of highlighting the gaps in our current knowledge and help plan further research to fill them up.

This book offers a critical synthesis of the archaeology of South Asia from the Neolithic period (c.6500 BCE), when domestication began, to the spread of Buddhism accompanying the Mauryan Emperor Asoka's reign (third century BCE). The authors examine the growth and character of the Indus civilisation, with its town planning, sophisticated drainage systems, vast cities and international trade. They also consider the strong cultural links between the Indus civilisation and the second, later period of South Asian urbanism which began in the first millennium BCE and developed through the early first millennium CE. In addition to examining the evidence for emerging urban complexity, this book gives equal weight to interactions between rural and urban communities across South Asia and considers the critical roles played by rural areas in social and economic development. The authors explore how narratives of continuity and transformation have been formulated in analyses of South Asia's Prehistoric and Early Historic archaeological record.

Based on ... [the author's] explorations conducted in the Western Kurnool and Anantapur districts of Andhra Pradesh during 1965-66 in connection with ... doctoral programme.

A History of Ancient and Early Medieval India is the most comprehensive textbook yet for undergraduate and postgraduate students. It introduces students to original sources such as ancient texts, artefacts, inscriptions and coins, illustrating how historians construct history on their basis. Its clear and balanced explanation of concepts and historical debates enables students to independently evaluate evidence, arguments and theories. This remarkable textbook allows the reader to visualize and understand the rich and varied remains of India's ancient past, transforming the process of discovering that past into an exciting experience.

ANCIENT INDIAN HISTORY For UPSC PSC and Other Exams Chapter 1: Prehistory and Protohistoric © Stone Age in India Ø Palaeolithic Age Ø Neolithic Age © Metal Age in India Ø Chalcolithic cultures Ø Bronze Age- Indus civilization – Major sites – features of urbanization – decline Chapter 2: Vedic Age © Sources Ø Vedic literature Ø Archaeological evidences Ø PGW sites © Rig Vedic © Eastward Movements of Vedic People- Later Vedic phases © Iron Age in north India © Society – Varna -- Polity – Gana – Vidatha – Sabha – Samiti © Economy – Pastoralism – Gavisthi © Religion Chapter 3: Urbanisation in the Gangetic Basin © Buddhism and Jainism © 16 Mahajanapadas – Monarchy and Ganasamghas © Second urbanisation – features © Rise of Magadha © Mauryan Rule – Arthasastra- Asoka and Dhamma © Satavahanas – Land Grants © Legacies of the Guptas – Art – Architecture – Religion – Science – Literature – Philosophy- Transitions in Varna and Jati © Post Gupta developments – Harsha – Rashtrakutas -- Palas – Arabs in Sind Chapter 4: Practice MCQs Preface It gives me immense pleasure in presenting the latest edition of the Ancient History of India, useful for UPSC and State PSC civil services examination, SSC, NDA, CDS, LIC and other government departments. This book deals with the relevant features and topics of Ancient History of India in a systematic and comprehensive manner by the use of simple and concise language for easy and quick understanding. I hope that the readers will find this book user friendly and helpful in preparation of their examinations. I look forward to have the views, comment, suggestions and criticism from readers which would definitely help in further improvement of the book. I would like to heartfelt thanks to all my friends, family members, and the team members of myupsc (Study Portal) for their efforts to publishing the book. Wish you happy reading and best wishes for the examinations. Two words from Author... Don't live in the shadows of people's judgement. Make your own choices in the light of your own wisdom. Don't let anyone's opinion of which you should be friends or live with, dictate who you will be friends or live with. People will talk. They shall say some terrible things. But that doesn't mean you have to listen to everyone. Never ever worry about - log kya kahenge. At the end of the day, you are the only one who will face the consequences of your actions, so don't let other people make your decisions for you. "You can't cross the sea merely by standing and staring at the water." – Tagore This famous quote is from Rabindranath

Tagore's drama 'The King of Dark Chamber'. One can't cross a river by merely standing and staring. Similarly, one can't clear the competitive exams, by dreaming and reading success stories. One has to take a step and leap forward. One has to overcome the procrastination and should start reading the best and necessary material as per syllabus to succeed in the exam. The hardest thing in life is which bridge to cross and which to burn." - Bertrand Russell Knowledge and hard work are not sufficient to clear the exams. To succeed, one has to do smart work. One should know what the most scoring areas in the preliminary are and the main examination, one should know which books have to be read and which books have to be avoided to become an officer with minimum efforts, aspirants have to be tactful. Every morning we are born again. What we do today is what matters most." – Buddha This Buddha's quote is not only applicable to the journey of your life, but also to your exam preparation. Realize the power of the 'now' and make the most out of your present. If you failed to study yesterday, don't get carried away with that disappointment. Start every day a fresh and study with focus every day. "Genius is 1% talent and 99% percent hard work." – Einstein Many aspirants think that only those having inborn talent can become officers. But, this is not true. It is only with your sheer hard, you can succeed in any competitive exams. With only your persistent and disciplined hard work, you can complete the syllabus and succeed in any exam. In life, one cannot achieve success without facing failures. Don't get disheartened when you are not able to clear the exam in one or more attempt. One must know that failure is a very normal thing. Analyse your mistakes in your previous attempt, learn from them and prepare an action plan and execute it. Success will be yours. Arise, awake, and, stop not till the goal is reached. - Swami Vivekananda

Records publications acquired from Afghanistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Maldives, Nepal, Pakistan, and Sri Lanka, by the U.S. Library of Congress Offices in New Delhi, India, and Karachi, Pakistan.

ADDA 247 has been consistently working to make the word "SUCCESS" a true companion to NRA CET Exam. As September 2021 has just marked its presence, we are delighted to announce that ADDA 247 is launching – "A Comprehensive Guide to General Awareness"

"A Complete Guide to General Awareness for NRA CET Exam" is meticulously divided into chapters explaining the basic concepts followed by conceptual questions to reinforce those concepts. We have also refined the questions by adding practice questions with solutions to give you an insight into the varied kinds of questions you can expect in the exams and ways to tackle them efficiently. There are section wise Questions too that are a special add-on for increasing your proficiency with efficacy and to help you understand the level of competitive examinations. This eBook now covers 3500+ questions with solutions that will help the candidate to clear the NRA CET Exam with ease.

SALIENT FEATURES:

3500+ Questions with 100% Solutions

Practice Exercises based on chapters

Prepare by Expert Faculties by Extensive Research

Detailed Concepts Divided into chapters

Topic wise Practice Questions

A Companion to South Asia in the Past provides the definitive overview of research and knowledge about South Asia's past, from the Pleistocene to the historic era in India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh and Nepal, provided by a truly global team of experts. The most comprehensive and detailed scholarly treatment of South Asian archaeology and biological anthropology, providing ground-breaking new ideas and future challenges Provides an in-depth and broad view of the current state of knowledge about South Asia's past, from the Pleistocene to the historic era in India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, Bangladesh and Nepal A comprehensive treatment of research in a crucial region for human evolution and biocultural adaptation A global team of scholars together present a varied set of perspectives on South Asian pre- and proto-history

Salient Features of the eBook Based on the latest Pattern Section-wise theory & Concepts Includes Questions on Traditional General Knowledge 4500+ with 100% solution Detailed theories on Physics, Chemistry, Biology, History, Geography, Polity and Economics Includes the Previous Year's Questions of all the topics

Includes section "Reviews."

This book has been recognized as an excellent study of the medieval South India social structure and culture.

Vol. 5 has also special t.-p.: V.S. Sukthankar memorial volume, 21st January 1944.

Useful for all competitive exams.

Presents a scientific study of South Indian neolithic culture in the Kadapa region of Andhra Pradesh carried out through explorations village to village survey] and section scrapings at secret sites by using ecological analogy as parameters in order to reconstruct the cultural process.

Illustrations of temples, sculpture and stupas of Andhra Pradesh.

The Vedic-Puranic literature as well as archaeological, geological, historical, linguistic, and literary accounts have been reviewed to establish the various cultures that evolved in ancient India from about 3500 BCE to the Mahabharata War (1450 BCE). The book describes various misconceptions, e.g., the myth about an Aryan invasion. The following markers are used to establish the dates and geographical locations of various cultures: (i) The rise in sea levels due to melting of land-based snow after the last Ice Age. (ii) Migration of the Dravidian people from the lost continent of Kumari Kandam that submerged under the Indian Ocean. (iii) The dates for the start of farming, use of kiln-baked bricks, domestication of horses, and metal working in the Indian subcontinent. (iv) The dates when Sarasvati River dried up and the Mahabharata War occurred. The book notes that asva-containing or rath-containing names could not have existed before horses were domesticated or chariots were in use. The book also notes that Mathura Krsna is different from Dwarka Krsna; the two are separated by more than 1000 years. During Mathura Krsna's time, conflicts were settled by hand-to-hand combat or with the use of a mace. In contrast, during Dwarka Krsna's time, metal arms were used.

This book discusses the history of environmental science and climate change, and the initiation and development of different parameters determining climate changes. The account of the history of such changes and turmoil in India and abroad starts in the prehistoric period, long before the emergence of "Rigveda", the first human written work. The book describes the writings of Aristotle and Theophrastus on climatic disasters and their impact on the vegetation and society in Greek and Roman history, and addresses different studies related to climate change during the prehistoric period and their chronological development. The first book of its kind, it enhances our understanding the origin of research on climate change and climate related problems, and as such is a valuable resource for postgraduate students of agriculture and environment sciences, research scholars, scientists, environmentalists and policy planners.

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